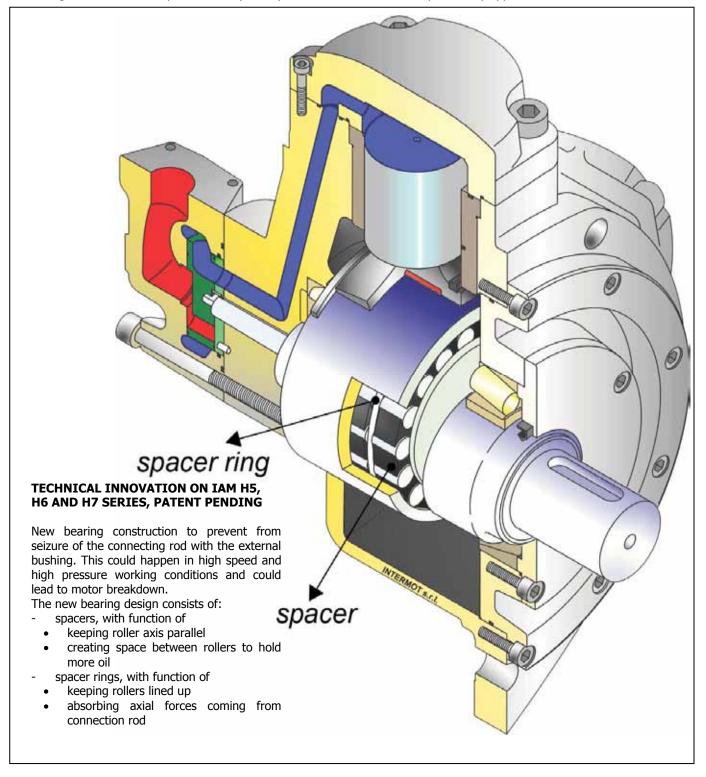


## GENERAL INFORMATION

INTERMOT produces RADIAL PISTON HYDRAULIC MOTORS since 1985: our yearly production is more than 13.000 units which we sell all over the world through our agents and authorized sellers. Our motor range varies from 20cc to 8500cc displacement and it is completed by two-speed motors and special motors created in cooperation with our clients for different applications such as: underwater, high & low speed and wheel motors and with the possibility to assemble valves, brakes or gear reductions. You can directly contact our Technical Department which will give you all the necessary support to find the right solutions to your problems.

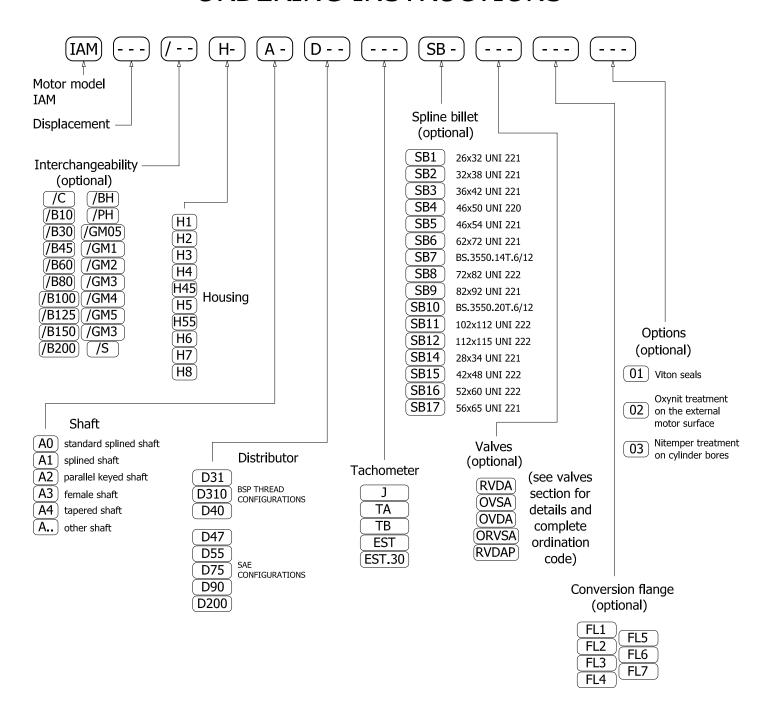
INTERMOT is a flexible work reality and manages deliveries also within the same day of order; we produce motors exactly interchangeable with our competitors, always ready on stock which our clients particularly appreciate.



pag. 2 IAM rev. 01



# ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS



EXAMPLE: IAM.100/BH.H1.A0.D40.J.SB14

IAM.3000.H6.A2.D90 IAM.4300/C.H7.A0.D90.TB

For more details on available displacements or shaft options and accessories consult each section of the catalogue concerning IAM family products and accessories.



# **MOTOR TECHNICAL DATA**

|          |       |               |              | ā               | F         | ressure  |      | Sp                | eed  |                      |     |           |            | ts                                  |
|----------|-------|---------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------|----------|------|-------------------|------|----------------------|-----|-----------|------------|-------------------------------------|
| MODEL    |       | N° of pistons | Displacement | Specific Torque | Max Cont. | Max Int. | Peak | Max<br>Continuous | Peak | Max Case<br>Pressure | 200 | Tax Power | Dry Weight | Inertia moment<br>of rotating parts |
|          | ı     |               | cc/rev       | Nm/bar          | bar       | bar      | bar  | rpm               | rpm  | bar                  | hp  | kW        | kg         | kg cm <sup>2</sup>                  |
| IAM 80   |       | 5             | 80           | 1.3             | 250       | 300      | 350  | 950               | 1050 | 6                    | 54  | 40        | 26         | 18                                  |
| IAM 100  |       | 5             | 100          | 1.6             | 250       | 300      | 350  | 950               | 1050 | 6                    | 54  | 40        | 26         | 18                                  |
| IAM 150  |       | 5             | 157          | 2.5             | 250       | 300      | 350  | 950               | 1050 | 6                    | 54  | 40        | 26         | 18                                  |
| IAM 175  | H1    | 5             | 176          | 2.8             | 250       | 300      | 350  | 800               | 900  | 6                    | 54  | 40        | 26         | 18                                  |
| IAM 195  | ' ' ' | 5             | 195          | 3.1             | 250       | 300      | 350  | 800               | 900  | 6                    | 54  | 40        | 26         | 18                                  |
| IAM 200  |       | 5             | 207          | 3.3             | 250       | 300      | 350  | 750               | 850  | 6                    | 54  | 40        | 26         | 18                                  |
| IAM 250  |       | 5             | 257          | 4.1             | 250       | 300      | 350  | 750               | 850  | 6                    | 54  | 40        | 26         | 18                                  |
| IAM 300  |       | 5             | 307          | 4.9             | 250       | 300      | 350  | 750               | 850  | 6                    | 54  | 40        | 26         | 18                                  |
| IAM 200  |       | 5             | 198          | 3.2             | 250       | 300      | 350  | 800               | 900  | 6                    | 66  | 49        | 42         | 27                                  |
| IAM 250  |       | 5             | 253          | 4.0             | 250       | 300      | 350  | 750               | 850  | 6                    | 66  | 49        | 42         | 27                                  |
| IAM 300  |       | 5             | 314          | 5.0             | 250       | 300      | 350  | 750               | 850  | 6                    | 66  | 49        | 42         | 27                                  |
| IAM 350  | H2    | 5             | 362          | 5.8             | 250       | 300      | 350  | 650               | 750  | 6                    | 66  | 49        | 42         | 27                                  |
| IAM 400  |       | 5             | 424          | 6.7             | 250       | 300      | 350  | 600               | 700  | 6                    | 66  | 49        | 42         | 27                                  |
| IAM 500  |       | 5             | 492          | 7.8             | 250       | 300      | 350  | 500               | 600  | 6                    | 66  | 49        | 42         | 27                                  |
| IAM 600  |       | 5             | 584          | 9.3             | 250       | 300      | 350  | 500               | 600  | 6                    | 66  | 49        | 42         | 27                                  |
| IAM 350  |       | 5             | 349          | 5,6             | 250       | 300      | 350  | 630               | 700  | 6                    | 91  | 68        | 68         | 214                                 |
| IAM 400  |       | 5             | 397          | 6.3             | 250       | 300      | 350  | 600               | 680  | 6                    | 91  | 68        | 68         | 214                                 |
| IAM 450  |       | 5             | 452          | 7.2             | 250       | 300      | 350  | 600               | 680  | 6                    | 91  | 68        | 68         | 214                                 |
| IAM 500  | 110   | 5             | 491          | 7.8             | 250       | 300      | 350  | 600               | 680  | 6                    | 91  | 68        | 68         | 214                                 |
| IAM 600  | H3    | 5             | 594          | 9.4             | 250       | 300      | 350  | 550               | 630  | 6                    | 91  | 68        | 68         | 214                                 |
| IAM 650  |       | 5             | 660          | 10.5            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 500               | 580  | 6                    | 91  | 68        | 68         | 214                                 |
| IAM 700  |       | 5             | 707          | 11.2            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 450               | 500  | 6                    | 91  | 68        | 68         | 214                                 |
| IAM 800  |       | 5             | 791          | 12.6            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 400               | 450  | 6                    | 91  | 68        | 68         | 214                                 |
| IAM 700  |       | 5             | 714          | 11.4            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 500               | 580  | 6                    | 107 | 80        | 92         | 267                                 |
| IAM 800  |       | 5             | 792          | 12.6            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 450               | 530  | 6                    | 107 | 80        | 92         | 267                                 |
| IAM 850  | 114   | 5             | 847          | 13.5            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 450               | 530  | 6                    | 107 | 80        | 92         | 267                                 |
| IAM 900  | H4    | 5             | 904          | 14.4            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 450               | 530  | 6                    | 107 | 80        | 92         | 267                                 |
| IAM 1000 |       | 5             | 992          | 15.8            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 330               | 400  | 6                    | 107 | 80        | 92         | 267                                 |
| IAM 1100 |       | 5             | 1116         | 17.8            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 330               | 400  | 6                    | 107 | 80        | 92         | 267                                 |



# **MOTOR TECHNICAL DATA**

|          |       |   | ı.           | ā               | Р         | ressure  |      | Sp                | eed  |                      |     |            |            | tc<br>ts                         |
|----------|-------|---|--------------|-----------------|-----------|----------|------|-------------------|------|----------------------|-----|------------|------------|----------------------------------|
| MODEL    | MODEL |   | Displacement | Specific Torque | Max Cont. | Max Int. | Peak | Max<br>Continuous | Peak | Max Case<br>Pressure | 2   | l'ax rower | Dry Weight | Inertia moment of rotating parts |
|          | 1     |   | cc/rev       | Nm/bar          | bar       | bar      | bar  | rpm               | rpm  | bar                  | hp  | kW         | kg         | kg cm <sup>2</sup>               |
| IAM 1200 |       | 5 | 1192         | 19.0            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 300               | 350  | 6                    | 107 | 80         | 92         | 267                              |
| IAM 1250 | H4    | 5 | 1247         | 19.8            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 250               | 300  | 6                    | 107 | 80         | 92         | 267                              |
| IAM 1400 |       | 5 | 1332         | 21.2            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 230               | 280  | 6                    | 107 | 80         | 92         | 267                              |
| IAM 1100 |       | 5 | 1183         | 18.8            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 350               | 400  | 6                    | 161 | 120        | 118        | 380                              |
| IAM 1400 | H45   | 5 | 1376         | 21.9            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 300               | 350  | 6                    | 161 | 120        | 118        | 380                              |
| IAM 1600 | כדוו  | 5 | 1648         | 26.2            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 275               | 325  | 6                    | 161 | 120        | 118        | 380                              |
| IAM 1800 |       | 5 | 1815         | 28.9            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 250               | 300  | 6                    | 161 | 120        | 118        | 380                              |
| IAM 1000 |       | 5 | 1094         | 17.4            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 350               | 400  | 6                    | 161 | 120        | 173        | 697                              |
| IAM 1200 |       | 5 | 1231         | 19.6            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 300               | 350  | 6                    | 161 | 120        | 173        | 697                              |
| IAM 1400 |       | 5 | 1376         | 21.9            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 300               | 350  | 6                    | 161 | 120        | 173        | 697                              |
| IAM 1500 |       | 5 | 1528         | 24.3            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 300               | 350  | 6                    | 161 | 120        | 173        | 697                              |
| IAM 1600 | H5    | 5 | 1648         | 26.2            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 300               | 340  | 6                    | 161 | 120        | 173        | 697                              |
| IAM 1800 |       | 5 | 1815         | 28.9            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 250               | 300  | 6                    | 161 | 120        | 173        | 697                              |
| IAM 2000 |       | 5 | 2035         | 32.4            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 230               | 260  | 6                    | 161 | 120        | 173        | 697                              |
| IAM 2200 |       | 5 | 2220         | 35.3            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 220               | 240  | 6                    | 161 | 120        | 173        | 697                              |
| IAM 2200 |       | 5 | 2126         | 33.8            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 240               | 280  | 6                    | 228 | 170        | 173        | 837                              |
| IAM 2500 |       | 5 | 2525         | 40.2            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 240               | 280  | 6                    | 228 | 170        | 173        | 837                              |
| IAM 2800 | H55   | 5 | 2807         | 44.7            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 240               | 280  | 6                    | 228 | 170        | 173        | 837                              |
| IAM 3000 |       | 5 | 3028         | 48.2            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 230               | 270  | 6                    | 228 | 170        | 173        | 837                              |
| IAM 2200 |       | 5 | 2206         | 35.1            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 220               | 260  | 6                    | 228 | 170        | 308        | 1745                             |
| IAM 2500 |       | 5 | 2525         | 40.2            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 220               | 260  | 6                    | 228 | 170        | 308        | 1745                             |
| IAM 2800 |       | 5 | 2807         | 44.7            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 220               | 260  | 6                    | 228 | 170        | 308        | 1745                             |
| IAM 3000 | H6    | 5 | 2983         | 47.5            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 210               | 250  | 6                    | 228 | 170        | 308        | 1745                             |
| IAM 3200 |       | 5 | 3289         | 52.3            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 200               | 240  | 6                    | 228 | 170        | 308        | 1745                             |
| IAM 3500 |       | 5 | 3479         | 55.4            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 200               | 240  | 6                    | 228 | 170        | 308        | 1745                             |
| IAM 3900 |       | 7 | 3907         | 62.2            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 160               | 200  | 6                    | 241 | 180        | 405        | 4064                             |
| IAM 4300 | H7    | 7 | 4343         | 69.1            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 150               | 190  | 6                    | 241 | 180        | 405        | 4064                             |
| IAM 4600 |       | 7 | 4616         | 73.5            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 140               | 190  | 6                    | 241 | 180        | 405        | 4064                             |



# **MOTOR TECHNICAL DATA**

| MODEL    |     |               |              | ā               | F         | Pressure |      | Sp                | eed  |                      |           |     |            | nt<br>ts                            |
|----------|-----|---------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------|----------|------|-------------------|------|----------------------|-----------|-----|------------|-------------------------------------|
|          |     | N° of pistons | Displacement | Specific Torque | Max Cont. | Max Int. | Peak | Max<br>Continuous | Peak | Max Case<br>Pressure | Max Power |     | Dry Weight | Inertia moment<br>of rotating parts |
|          |     |               | cc/rev       | Nm/bar          | bar       | bar      | bar  | rpm               | rpm  | bar                  | hp        | kW  | kg         | Kg cm <sup>2</sup>                  |
| IAM 5000 | H7  | 7             | 5088         | 81.0            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 140               | 180  | 6                    | 241       | 180 | 405        | 4064                                |
| IAM 5400 | 117 | 7             | 5384         | 85.7            | 250       | 300      | 350  | 130               | 170  | 6                    | 241       | 180 | 405        | 4064                                |
| IAM 6000 |     | 10            | 5966         | 95.0            | 250       | 290      | 320  | 120               | 140  | 6                    | 255       | 190 | 590        | 5380                                |
| IAM 6500 |     | 10            | 6581         | 104.7           | 250       | 290      | 320  | 120               | 140  | 6                    | 255       | 190 | 590        | 5380                                |
| IAM 6800 | Н8  | 10            | 6962         | 110.8           | 250       | 290      | 320  | 120               | 140  | 6                    | 255       | 190 | 590        | 5380                                |
| IAM 7600 |     | 10            | 7620         | 121.3           | 190       | 230      | 280  | 90                | 100  | 6                    | 241       | 180 | 590        | 5380                                |
| IAM 8000 |     | 10            | 8062         | 128.3           | 180       | 220      | 270  | 80                | 90   | 6                    | 241       | 180 | 590        | 5380                                |



## HYDRAULIC FLUIDS RECOMMENDATIONS

#### HYDRAULIC FLUIDS

We recommend the use of hydraulic oils with anti-wear additives (ISO HM or HV) and minimum viscosity index of 95. Once normal working temperature is reached, oil viscosity must be at least 12 cSt, preferably in the range from 20 to 60 cSt.

Hydraulic oils meeting Denison MF-O, Vickers M-2952-S I - 286-S performance requirements and DIN 51524 specifications, are preferred.

Mineral hydraulic oils are divided into four main types, designated by the International Standards Organisation (ISO) as HH, HL, HM and HV. We advise to use only products with HM or HV specifications.

#### HM type

These are the most widely employed hydraulic oils. They include small quantities of anti-wear additives to provide significant improvement in wear reduction. "Superior" quality HM type oils can be used for all equipment, with the added assurance that they will be suitable for the highest temperature.

#### HV type

HV hydraulic oils show minimal change in viscosity with temperature variations.

#### OIL VISCOSITY RECOMMENDATION

Room temperature HM type ISO-VG

-20°C / 0°C BP ENERGOL HLP - HM 22

-15°C /+5°C BP ENERGOL HLP - HM 32
 -8°C /+15°C BP BNERGOL HLP - HM 46

0°C /+22°C BP ENERGOL HLP - HM 68

+8°C /+30°C
 -20°C /+5°C
 -15°C /+22°C
 BP ENERGOL HLP - HM100
 BP BARTRAN HV 32
 BP BARTRAN HV 46

0°C /+30°C BP BARTRAN HV 68

Our motors have been designed to work also with:

- oils type ATF (Automatic Transmission Fluid)
- oils with viscosity SAE 10W 20 -30
- multigrade motor oils SAE 10 W/40 or 15 W/40
- universal oils

During cold start-up, avoid high-speed operation until the system is warmed up to provide adequate lubrication.

Continuous working temperature must not exceed 70°C.

When the working conditions cause the oil viscosity decrease under the minimum recommended value, to guarantee a sufficient motor lubrication it is necessary an adequate motor flushing (see flushing page for more details).

#### FIRE RESISTANT OIL LIMITATIONS

|                       | Max cont. | Max int. | Max   |
|-----------------------|-----------|----------|-------|
|                       | pressure  | pressure | speed |
| HFA, 5-95% oil-water  | 103       | 138      | 50%   |
| HFB, 60-40% oil-water | 138       | 172      | 100%  |
| HFC, water-glycol     | 103       | 138      | 50%   |
| HFD, ester phosphate  | 250       | 293      | 100%  |

#### **FILTRATION**

Hydraulic systems oil must always be filtered.

The choice of filtration grade derives from needs of service life and money spent. In order to obtain stated service life it is important to follow our recommendations concerning filtration grade.

When choosing the filter it is important to consider the amount of dirt particles that filter can absorb and still operate satisfactorily. For that reason we recommend filters showing when you need to substitute filtering cartridge.

- 25 µm filtration required in most applications
- 10 µm filtration in closed circuit applications

#### **OXIDATION**

Hydraulic oil oxidizes with time of use and temperature. Oxidation causes changes in colour and smell, acidity increase or sludge formation in the tank. Oxidation rate increases rapidly at surface temperatures above 60°C, in these situations oil should be checked more often.

The oxidation process increases the acidity of the fluid; the acidity is stated in terms of the "neutralization number". Oxidation is usually slow at the beginning and then it increases rapidly.

A sharp increase (by a factor of 2 to 3) in neutralization number between inspections shows that oil has oxidized too much and should be replaced immediately.

#### **WATER CONTENT**

Oil contamination by water can be detected by sampling from the bottom of the tank. Most hydraulic oils repel the water, which then collects at the bottom of the tank. This water must be drained off at regular intervals. Certain types of transmission oils and engine oils emulsify the water; this can be detected by coatings on filter cartridges or a change in the colour of the oil. In such cases, obtain your oil supplier advice.

#### **DEGREE OF CONTAMINATION**

Heavy contamination of the oil causes wear rising in hydraulic system components. Contamination causes must be immediately investigated and remedied.

#### **ANALYSIS**

It is recommended oil being analyzed every 6 months. The analysis should cover viscosity, oxidation, water content, additives and contamination. Most oil suppliers are equipped to analyze oil state and to recommend appropriate action. Oil must be immediately replaced if the analysis shows that it is exhausted.



## INSTRUCTIONS AND ADVICES

#### **INSTALLATION**

Hoses and piping must be clean and free from contamination. No other special requirements are necessary.

- Motor can be mounted in any position
- In run-away conditions you must use counterbalance valves
- Consult factory for intermittent applications

Splined adaptors (sleeves) are available upon request.

#### **INSTALLATION CIRCUIT**

The choice of open or closed loop circuit will be determined by the application.

Open loop circuits are cheaper and simpler to install.

Closed loop circuit is a superior circuit and usually takes up less space. It also offers better control features.

#### **START UP**

Motor case and pistons must be completely filled with oil before starting.

Do not load motor to maximum working pressure. Increase load gradually at start-up.

#### **CASE DRAIN - CASE PRESSURE**

Connect the case drain directly to tank.

The case drain port on the motor must be located on the highest point of the installation to ensure that the motor will always be full of oil. The case drain pressure must not exceed 6 bar continuous pressure.

#### **IMPORTANT**

When the motor is installed vertically with shaft pointing upwards, consult our Technical Department. If the motor is connected to high inertial loads, the hydraulic system must be designed to prevent peaks of pressure and cavitation.

#### **TEMPERATURE**

Maximum oil temperature must not exceed 70°C. Heath exchangers must be used with higher temperatures.

#### **VISCOSITY**

The motor works satisfactory in a range of 3°E to 10°E oil viscosity. Best performance is obtained at the highest viscosity.

#### **BACK PRESSURE**

Don't exceed 70 bar back pressure.

#### **HIGH PEAKS APPLICATIONS**

In case of high pressure peaks applications, a Nitemper treatment on cylinders is suggested to increase wear and tear resistance.

#### CONTINUOUS HIGH SPEED DUTY

In case of continuous high speed duty, it is suggested to mount a central reinforced bearing on motor shaft, please contact our Technical Department.

#### MINIMUM SPEED

Standard minimum speed is about 0.5 to 3 rpm (depending on motor displacement). If you need less speed, it is possible to modify some parts of the distributor.

#### **FLUSHING**

In the need of Flushing, a 2nd drain hole is available upon request. When flushing is not available, it is possible to create an inner motor drain to help cooling.

#### **COOLING FLOW**

If the motor operates in the Intermittent Power zone, it may require a cooling flow of 20 l/min (5 gpm) to keep a drain flow viscosity of 40 cSt minimum.

FOR MORE DETAILS ON THE ABOVE MENTIONED ARGUMENTS AND FOR ANY FURTHER INFORMATION PLEASE CONTACT OUR TECHNICAL DEPARTMENT.

## **BEARINGS**

Bearings lifetime depends on the type of bearing, on motor speed and on working loads.

Lifetime is measured by  $L_{10}$  which is called "theoretic lifetime". It represents the number of cycles that 90% of identical bearings can effort at the same load without showing wear and tear. It is calculated by the following equation:

$$L_{10} = \left(\frac{C}{P}\right)^{p}$$

where: C = theoretical dynamic coefficient (depending on the bearing size)

P = radial load

p = exponent (p=3 for ball bearings,

p=10/3 for roller bearings)

When you work at constant speed, you can calculate the lifetime in hours with the following equation:

$$L_{10h} = \frac{10^6 \cdot L_{10}}{60 \cdot rpm} = \frac{10^6}{60 \cdot rpm} \left(\frac{C}{P}\right)^p \left[h\right]$$

When you don't have only radial or axial loads, you have to calculate an equivalent load:

 $P = X \cdot F_R + Y \cdot F_A$ 

Where  $F_R = \text{radial load}$ ,

X = radial coefficient,

 $F_A$  = axial load,

Y = axial coefficient

While  $F_R$  and  $F_A$  come from working conditions (i.e. torque),

X and Y depend on the type of bearing and on the ratio  $\frac{F_A}{F_R}$  .

To help you in the expected lifetime calculation, Intermot provides you with an EXCEL calculation sheet. With this instrument you can easily calculate lifetime: you only need to choose the motor model, put speed, pressure and loads.

For further information or to have the calculation sheet, please contact our Technical Department.

pag. 8 IAM rev. 01



## SHAFT SEAL FEATURES

Type: BABSL

Form: AS DIN 3760

Material: SIMRIT® 72 NBR 902

SIMRIT® 75 FKM 595

#### 1. Features

SIMMERRING® radial shaft seal with rubber covered O.D., short, flexibility suspensed, spring loaded sealing lip and additional dust lip: see Part B/ SIMMERRING®, sections 1.1 and 2.

#### 2. Material

Sealing lip and O.D.:

- Acrylonitrile-butadiene rubber with 72 Shore

A hardness (designation: SIMRIT® 72 NBR 902)
- Fluoro rubber with 75 Shore A hardness

(designation: SIMRIT®75 FKM 595)

Metal insert:

- Plain steel DIN 1624

Spring:

- Spring steel DIN 17223

#### 3. Application

For sealing pressurised media without additional backup ring, e. g. for rotational pressure sealing in hydraulic pumps, hydraulic motors, hydrodynamic clutches. Rubber covered O.D. assures sealing in the housing bore even in case of considerable surface roughness, thermal expansion or split housing.

Particularly suitable for sealing low viscosity and gaseous media.

Where high thermal stability and chemical resistance are required, SIMRIT® 75 FKM 595 material should be used. Additional dust lip to avoid the entry of light and medium dust and dirt.

#### 4. Operating conditions

See Part B/ SIMMERRING®, sections 2. 4. Media: mineral oils, synthetic oils

Temperature: -40°C to +100°C (SIMRIT® 72

NBR 902)

-40°C to +160°C (SIMRIT® 75

FKM 595)

Surface speed: up to 5 m/s Working pressure: see diagram 1

Maximum permitted values, depending on other operating conditions.

### 5. Housing and Machining Criteria

See Part B/ SIMMERRING®, sections 2.

Shaft: Tolerance: ISO h11 Concentricity: IT 8

Roughness: Ra=0.2-0.8 µm

 $Rz=1-4 \mu m$ 

Rmax=6 µm 45-60 HRc

Hardness: 45-60 HRc Roughness: non oriented;

preferably by plunge grinding

Housing: Tolerance: ISO H8

Roughness: Rmax<25 µm

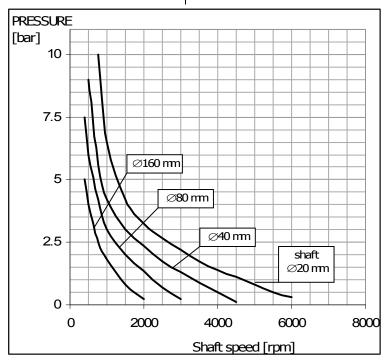


Diagram 1: Pressure Loading Limits



## FLUSHING

#### **FLUSHING FLOW**

Cooling flow is necessary to assure the minimum oil viscosity. The following table shows the flushing flow approximate values that are suggested for IAM motors. In all the cases, the flushing flow must be adequate to assure the minimum oil viscosity (see page 7): therefore the flushing flow will depend by the motor displacement, working conditions and oil type, and must be set making some oil drain temperature monitoring.

| To the control of the |    |                                    |                          |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|----|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|  |    | Motor                              | Flushing<br>flow [I/min] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IAM  | H1 | 80, 100                            | 5                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IAM  | H1 | 150, 175, 195, 200, 250, 300       | 6                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IAM  | H2 | 200, 250, 300                      | 0                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IAM  | H2 | 350, 400, 500                      | 8                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IAM  | Н3 | 350, 400, 450, 500                 | 0                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IAM  | H2 | 600                                |                          |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IAM  | Н3 | 600, 650, 700, 800                 |                          |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IAM  | H4 | 700, 800, 850, 900, 1000, 1100     | 10                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |    | 1200, 1250, 1400                   |                          |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IAM  | H5 | 1000, 1200, 1400, 1600, 1800, 2000 |                          |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IAM  | H5 | 2200                               | 15                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IAM  | H6 | 2500, 2800, 3000, 3200, 3500       | 13                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IAM  | H7 | 3900, 4300, 4600, 5000, 5400       | 20                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IAM  | H8 | 6500, 6800, 7600, 8000, 8500       | 20                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

#### FLUSHING IN PERFORMANCE DIAGRAMS

Each performance diagram shows working conditions where flushing is suggested (areas numbered form 4 to 6 in each performance diagram).

Area 1: Continuous operation

Area 2: Intermittent operation for period 3-5 minute every 10-15 minute

<u>Area 3:</u> Intermittent operation for very short period (3-5 seconds every 10-15 minutes)

Area 4: Continuous operation with flushing

Area 5: Intermittent operation for period 3-5 minute every10-15 minute with flushing

Area 6: Intermittent operation for very short period (3-5 seconds every 10-15 minutes) with flushing

#### **HIGH VOLUMETRIC EFFICIENCY MOTORS**

On radial piston hydraulic motors with high volumetric efficiency, and therefore Intermot IAM series, there can be a phenomenon of oil-overheating in the body motor.

Oil drawing from the piston and from the distributor goes into body motor. When this oil quantity is very scanty, it means there's a good volumetric efficiency. In some cases this is positive, like for winch on crane truck or trawl winch, because high volumetric efficiency avoids motor rotation even under external stress.

This scanty quantity of oil is not a problem because the motor works at high pressure only for a short period of time.

In other cases, this high efficiency can cause problems on the motor because oil exchange is missing.

In fixed applications, for example, where the motor is running constantly for 8 or more hours a day (like injection machines for plastic materials, press, bending machines, etc.) high volumetric efficiency can create temperature increasing in motor body.

In this case temperature increasing is to be avoided with the use of flushing.

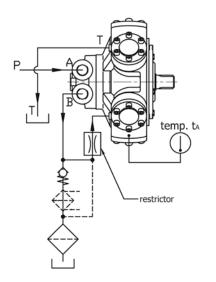
Flushing consists in carrying fresh oil (taken from hydraulic circuit) in the body motor.

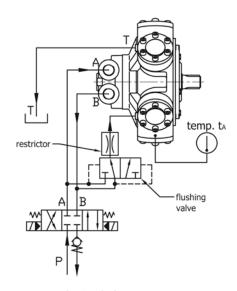
Oil is usually taken from return line to avoid any loss of efficiency.

In this way, all internal parts of the motor are protected with this lubrication and cooled with fresh oil, so that total efficiency is optimised.

#### FLUSHING CIRCUIT (ONE DIRECTION WORKING)

#### FLUSHING CIRCUIT (BIDIRECTIONAL WORKING)



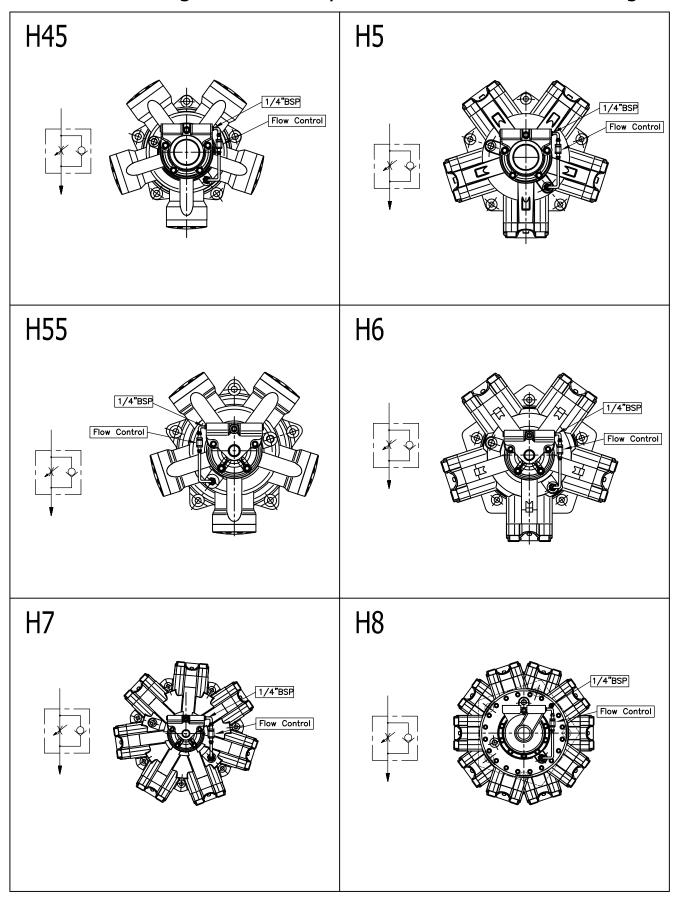


For further information please contact Intermot technical department

pag. 10 IAM rev. 01



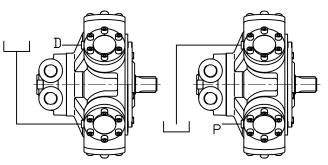
# Motor flushing circuit example for unidirectional working



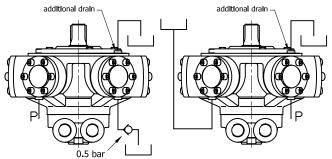


# **DRAIN RECOMMENDATIONS**

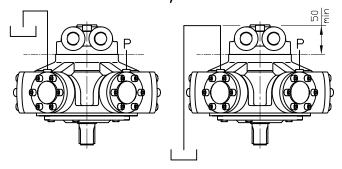
#### Motor axis horizontal



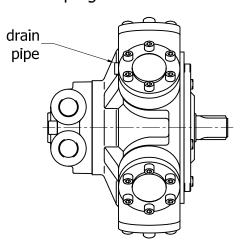
### Axis vertical, shaft up



## Axis vertical, shaft down



P=plug D=drain



#### **IMPORTANT**

For all motors IAM series, it is necessary TO FILL the motor case with hydraulic fluid, through the drain pipe, before start-up.

# DISTRIBUTORS PRESSURE - FLOW

|              |            | D31/D310<br>(IAM H1,<br>H2, H3, H4) | D40/D47<br>(IAM H1,<br>H2, H3, H4,<br>H45) | D55<br>(IAM H5,<br>H45) | D75<br>(IAM H5,<br>H45, H55) | D90<br>(IAM H55,<br>H6, IAMH7) | D200<br>(IAM H8) |
|--------------|------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|
| Pressure bar | Continuous | 250                                 | 250  | 250                     | 250                          | 250                            | 250              |
|              | Max        | 500                                 | 500  | 400                     | 500                          | 500                            | 500              |
| Flow L/min   | Continuous | 200                                 | 200  | 300                     | 500                          | 600                            | 1000             |
|              | Max        | 400                                 | 400  | 600                     | 1000                         | 1200                           | 2000             |

pag. 12 IAM rev. 01



# **FORMULAS**

TORQUE (1) Torque = (specific torque) · (pressure)

Torque [Nm] =  $\frac{\text{displacement [cc/rev]} \cdot \text{pressure [bar]}}{\text{displacement [cc/rev]}}$ TORQUE (2)

62.8

Power [kW] =  $\frac{\text{Torque} [\text{Nm}] \cdot \text{speed} [\text{rpm}]}{\text{Nm}}$ POWER (1)

POWER (2) Torque [Nm] · speed [rpm] Power [CV] =

flow rate [I/min] · 1000 **SPEED** 

displacement [cc/rev]

displacement [cc/rev] =  $\frac{\text{max required torque [Nm]} \cdot 62.8}{\text{max required torque [Nm]} \cdot 62.8}$ 

max pressure [bar]

flow [I/min] =  $\frac{\text{displacement} [cc/rev] \cdot max speed}{\text{rpm}}$ 

1000

# **CONVERSIONS**

RATE

REQUIRED MOTOR DISPLACEMENT

REQUIRED PUMP FLOW

| LENGTH | 1 m    | =   | 39.3701 | in   |              | 1 | lbf    | =   | 0.4536   | kgf    |
|--------|--------|-----|---------|------|--------------|---|--------|-----|----------|--------|
|        |        | =   | 3.2808  | ft   | -            |   |        | =   | 4.448    | N      |
|        |        | =   | 1.0936  | yd   | •            |   |        |     |          |        |
|        |        | =   | 1000    | mm   | PRESSURE     | 1 | bar    | =   | 14.223   | psi    |
|        | 1 in   | =   | 0.0833  | ft   | •            |   |        | =   | 0.99     | atm    |
|        |        | =   | 25.4    | mm   |              |   |        | =   | 1.02     | ata    |
|        | 1 ft   | =   | 0.3048  | m    |              |   |        | =   | 100000   | Pa     |
|        |        | =   | 0.3333  | yd   | _            |   |        | =   | 100      | kPa    |
|        |        | =   | 12      | in   |              |   |        | =   | 0.1      | MPa    |
|        | 1 yd   | =   | 0.9144  | m    |              | 1 | psi    | =   | 0.0703   | bar    |
|        |        | =   | 3       | ft   |              |   |        |     |          |        |
|        |        | =   | 36      | in   | FLOW         | 1 | l/min  | 느   | 0.264    | gpm    |
|        | 1 km   | =   | 1000    | m    | _            |   |        | =   | 1000     | cc/min |
|        |        | =   | 1093.6  | yd   | _            | 1 | gpm    | _=  | 3.785    | l/min  |
|        |        | =   | 0.6214  | mile |              |   |        | =   | 3785     | cc/min |
|        | 1 mile | =   | 1.609   | km   |              | 1 | m3/s   | Ŀ   | 60000    | l/min  |
|        |        | _ = | 1760    | yd   |              |   |        | =   | 15852    | gpm    |
|        |        |     |         |      |              |   |        |     |          |        |
| MASS   | 1 kg   | =   | 2.2046  |      | VOLUME       |   | m3     | =   | 1000     |        |
|        | 1 lb   | =   | 0.4536  | kg   |              | 1 | 1      | =   | 61,023   |        |
|        |        |     |         |      |              |   |        | _=_ | 0,264    |        |
| SPEED  | 1 m/s  | =_  |         | km/h | -            | 1 | in3    | 트   | 0,01639  |        |
|        |        | _=  | 2.237   | mph  | -            |   |        | _=_ | 0,004326 |        |
|        |        | _=_ | 3.2808  |      | -            | 1 | galUS  | E   | 3,7879   |        |
|        | 1 km/h | =_  | 0.2778  |      | -            |   |        | _=_ | 231,15   | in3    |
|        |        | _=  | 0.6214  |      |              |   |        |     |          |        |
|        |        | _=_ | 0.9113  | _    | POWER        | 1 | kW     | _=_ | 1.341    |        |
|        | 1 mph  |     | 1.609   | km/h | -            |   |        | _=  | 1.3596   |        |
|        |        |     | 0.447   | m/s  | <u>-</u>     | 1 | HP     | =   | 0.7457   |        |
|        |        | =   | 1.467   | ft/s | <del>.</del> |   |        | =   | 1.0139   | CV     |
|        | 1 ft/s | =_  |         |      |              |   |        |     |          |        |
|        |        |     | 1.0973  | km/h | TORQUE       | 1 | Nm     | 트   | 0.102    |        |
|        |        | =   | 0.6818  |      | <u>-</u>     |   |        | =   | 0.7376   |        |
| FORCE  | 1 N    | =_  | 0.102   | kgf  | <u>-</u>     | 1 | kgm    | =   | 9.806    |        |
|        |        | =   | 0.2248  | lbf  |              |   |        | =   | 7.2325   |        |
|        | 1 kgf  | =   | 2.205   | lbf  | <u>-</u>     | 1 | lbf ft | =   | 0.1383   | kgm    |
|        |        | =   | 9.806   | N    |              |   |        | =   | 1.3558   | Nm     |
|        |        |     |         |      |              |   |        |     |          |        |