Self-operated Pressure Regulators Type 41-23 Universal Pressure Reducing Valve



Application

Pressure regulators for set points from **0.05** to **28 bar** · Valve nominal sizes **DN 15** to **100** · Nominal pressure **PN 16** to **40** Suitable for liquids, gases and vapors up to **350** °C

The valve **closes** when the **downstream** pressure rises.



Special features

- Low-maintenance proportional regulators requiring no auxiliary energy
- Frictionless plug stem seal with stainless steel bellows
- Control line kit available for tapping the pressure directly at the valve body
- Wide set point range and convenient set point adjustment using a nut
- Exchangeable actuator and set point springs
- Spring-loaded, single-seated valve with upstream and downstream pressure balancing 1) by a stainless steel bellows
- Soft-seated plug for high shut-off requirements
- Low-noise standard plug · Special version with flow divider St I or St III (DN 65 to 100) for further noise level reduction (see Data Sheet ► T 8081)
- All wetted parts free of non-ferrous metal

Versions

Pressure reducing valve to regulate the downstream pressure p_2 to the adjusted set point. The valve closes when the downstream pressure rises.

Type 41-23 · Standard version

Type 2412 Valve · Valve DN 15 to 100 · Metal-seated plug Body made of cast iron EN-GJL-250, spheroidal graphite iron EN-GJS-400-18-LT, cast steel 1.0619, forged steel or CrNiMo steel 1.4408

Type 2413 Actuator with EPDM rolling diaphragm

Version with additional features Pressure reducing valve for low flow rates

Valve with micro-flow trim ($K_{VS} = 0.001$ to 0.04) or special

Valve with micro-flow friff ($K_{VS} = 0.001$ to 0.04) or special K_{VS} coefficients (restricted cross-sectional area of flow)

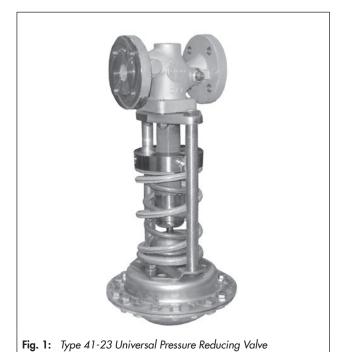
Steam pressure reducing valve

With compensation chamber for steam up to 350 °C

Pressure reducing valve with increased safety

Actuator with leakage line connection and seal or two diaphragms and diaphragm rupture indicator · Valve with backup packing





Special versions

- Control line kit for tapping the pressure directly at the valve body (accessories)
- With internal parts made of FKM, e.g. for use with mineral oils
- EPDM diaphragm with PTFE protective facing
- Actuator for remote set point adjustment (autoclave control)
- Bellows actuator for valves in DN 15 to 100 · Set point ranges 2 to 6, 5 to 10, 10 to 22 or 20 to 28 bar
- Valve with flow divider ST 1 or ST 3 (DN 65 to 100) for particularly low-noise operation with gases and vapors
- Version entirely of stainless steel
- Stainless Cr steel seat and plug with PTFE soft seal (max. 220 °C) · With EPDM soft seal (max. 150 °C)
- Stellite®-faced seat and plug for low-wear operation
- Version for industrial gases

Associated Information Sheet

► T 2500

Edition June 2017

► T 2595

Data Sheet

- Free of oil and grease for high-purity applications
- Wetted plastic parts conforming to FDA regulations (max. 60 °C)

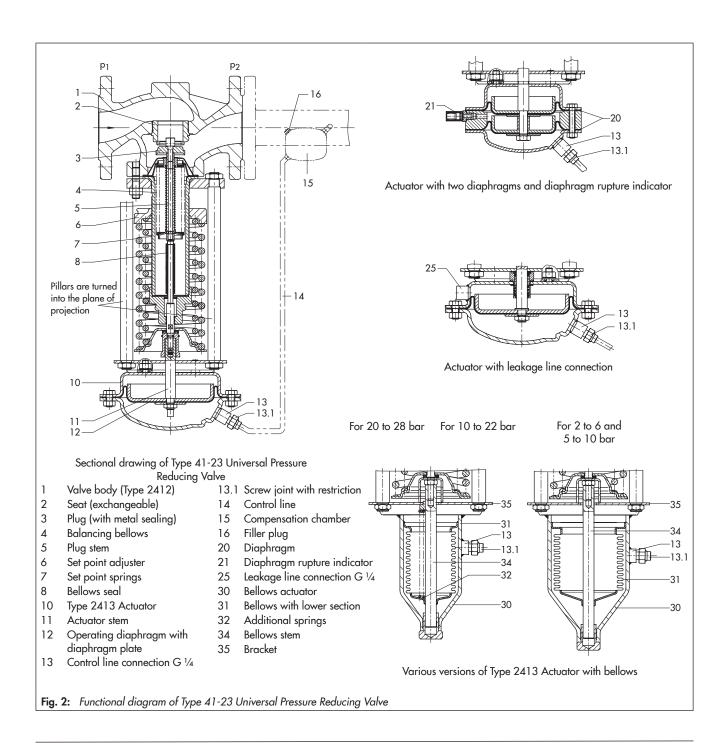
Principle of operation (see Fig. 2)

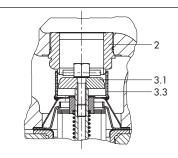
The medium flows through the valve (1) as indicated by the arrow. The position of the plug (3) determines the flow rate across the area released between plug and valve seat (2). The plug stem (5) with the plug is connected to the stem (11) of the actuator (10).

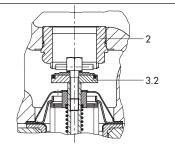
To control the pressure, the operating diaphragm (12) is tensioned by the set point springs (7) and the set point adjuster (6) so that the valve is opened by the force of the set point springs when it is relieved of pressure $(p_1 = p_2)$.

The downstream pressure p_2 to be controlled is tapped downstream of the valve and transmitted over the control line (14) to the operating diaphragm (12) where it is converted into a positioning force. This force is used to move the valve plug (3) according to the force of the set point springs (7). The spring force is adjustable at the set point adjuster (6). When the force resulting from the downstream pressure p_2 rises above the adjusted pressure set point, the valve closes proportionally to the change in pressure.

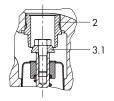
The fully balanced valve has a balancing bellows (4). The downstream pressure p_2 acts on the inside of the bellows, whereas the upstream pressure p_1 acts on the outside of the bellows. As a result, the forces produced by the upstream and downstream pressures acting on the plug are balanced out.







Plug with soft sealing



Valve for small flow rates $K_{VS} \le 2.5$: without balancing bellows

- 2 Seat
- 3.1 Plug with metal sealing
- 3.2 Plug with soft sealing
- 3.3 Flow divider

Plug with metal sealing, with flow divider ST 1

Fig. 3: Additional features for Type 41-23 Universal Pressure Reducing Valve

Table 1: Technical data · All pressures in bar (gauge)

Valve	Туре 2412							
Nominal pressure		PN 16, 25 or 40						
Nominal size	DN 15 to 50	DN 65	i to 80	DN 100				
Max. perm. differential pressure Δp	25 bar	20	bar	16 bar				
Max. permissible temperature	See pre	essure-temperatur	e diagram in 🕨 1	2500				
Valve plug	Metal seal: 350 °C · PTFE soft sea	al: 220 °C · EPD <i>l</i>	M or FKM soft sec	al: 150 °C · NBR soft seal: 80 °C				
Leakage class according to	Metal seal: Leakage rate I (≤0.05 % of K _{VS})							
IEC 60534-4	Soft seal: Leakage rate IV (≤0.01 % of K _{VS})							
Compliance	C € EHI							
Diaphragm actuator	Type 2413							
Set point ranges			0.6 bar · 0.2 to · 4.5 to 10 bar ·					
Max. permissible temperature	Gases 350 °C, however, max. 80 °C at the actuator · Liquids 150 °C, with compensation chamber max. 350 °C · Steam with compensation chamber max. 350 °C							
Metal bellows actuator	Type 2413							
Effective area	33 cm ² 62 cm ²							
Set point ranges	10 to 22 bar · 20 to 28	B bar	2 to 6 bar · 5 to 10 bar					

¹⁾ Version with actuator with two diaphragms: 1 to 2.5 bar

Table 2: Max. permissible pressure at actuator

Set point range · Actuator with rolling diaphragm						Metal bellows actuator				
0.05 to 0.25 bar	0.1 to 0.6 bar	0.2 to 1.2 bar	0.8 to 2.5 bar	2 to 5 bar	4.5 to 10 bar	8 to 16 bar	2 to 6 bar	5 to 10 bar	10 to 22 bar	20 to 28 bar
Max. permi	Max. permissible pressure above the set point adjusted at the actuator									
0.6 bar	0.6 bar	1.3 bar	2.5 bar	5 bar	10 bar	10 bar	6.5 bar	6.5 bar	8 bar	2 bar

Table 3: Materials · Material numbers according to DIN EN

Valve		Туре 2412								
Pressure rating		PN 16	PN 25	PN 40						
Max. permissib	e temperature	300 °C	350 °C	350 °C	350 °C	350 °C	350 °C			
Body		Cast iron EN-GJL-250	Spheroidal graphite iron EN-GJS-400- 18-LT	Cast steel 1.0619	Stainless steel 1.4408	Forged steel 1) 1.0460	Forged stain- less steel ¹⁾ 1.4571			
Seat		CrNi steel			CrNiMo steel	CrNi steel	CrNiMo steel			
Plug			CrNi steel CrNiMo steel			CrNi steel	CrNiMo steel			
	Seal ring for soft-seated plug		PTFE with 15 % glass f			iber · EPDM · NBR · FKM				
Guide bushing		PTFE/graphite								
Balancing bello	ws and bellows seal	Stainless steel 1.4571								
Actuator		Туре 2413								
Diaphragm case	es	Sheet steel DD11 (StW22) ²⁾								
Diaphragm		EPDM with fabric insert ³⁾ · FKM for mineral oils · NBR · EPDM with PTFE protective facing								

¹⁾ DN 15, 25, 40, 50 and 80 only

²⁾ In corrosion-resistant version (CrNi steel)

³⁾ Standard version; see Special versions for other diaphragms

Installation

Normally, the valve is installed with the actuator suspended downwards. Install pipelines horizontally with a slight downward slope on both sides of the valve for drainage of the condensate.



- The direction of flow must correspond with the arrow on the valve body.
- The control line must be adapted to match the onsite conditions and is not delivered with the valve. On customer request, a control line kit for pressure tapping directly at the valve body (see Accessories) is available.

For further details on installation, refer to Mounting and Operating Instructions ► EB 2512.

Accessories

Included in the scope of delivery:

Screw joint with restriction for \emptyset 6 mm control line.

To be ordered separately:

- Compression-type fittings for e.g. 6, 8 or 10 mm pipe
- Control line kit (optionally with or without compensation chamber) for direct attachment to the valve and actuator (pressure tapped directly at the valve body, for set points ≥ 0.8 bar).



Compensation chamber for condensation and to protect the operating diaphragm against extreme temperatures. A compensation chamber is required for liquids above 150 °C as well as for steam.

For further details on accessories, refer to ▶ T 2595.

Ordering text

Type 41-23 Universal Pressure Reducing Valve

Additional features ...

DN ...

Body material ..., PN ...

Set point range ... bar

Optionally, accessories ... (> T 2595)

Optionally, special version ...

Table 4: Weight · Compensation chambers (standard version)

Order no.	Designation	Weight (approx.)
1190-8788	Compensation chamber 0.7 l · Steel	1.6 kg
1190-8789	Compensation chamber 1.5 · Steel	2.6 kg
1190-8790	Compensation chamber 2.4 · Steel	3.7 kg

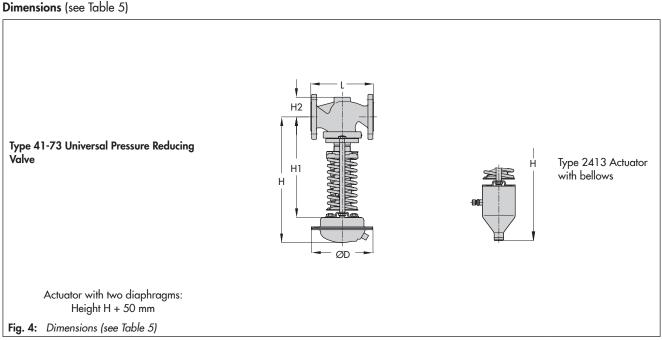


Table 5: Dimensions in mm and weights in kg

Pre	ssure reducing valv	е					Туре 41-23	3				
	Nominal size			DN 20	DN 25	DN 32	DN 40	DN 50	DN 65	DN 80	DN 100	
Len	gth L	130 150 160 180 200 230 290 310					310	350				
	Height H1			335	l	390			510		525	
	Height H2 Other materials Forged steel			44			72	98		98	118	
Hei			53 - 70		_	92	98	_	128	_		
Star	ndard version with	Type 2413 Actuator with		aphraam		1			l			
O.G.	10010 VOI 31011 VVIIII	Height H	445 500							620 6		
	0.05 to 0.25 bar	Actuator				$\varnothing D = 38$	0 mm, A =	640 cm ²				
	0.00 .0 0.20 50.	Valve spring force F				~~~	1750 N					
		Height H		445			500		6	20	635	
	0.1 to 0.6 bar	Actuator				$\varnothing D = 38$	0 mm, A =	640 cm ²	1		000	
	0.1 10 0.0 bai	Valve spring force F				20-00	4400 N	040 0111				
		Height H		430			480		6	00	620	
	0.2 to 1.2 bar	Actuator				ØD - 28	5 mm, A =	320 cm ²	1 0		020	
.=	0.2 IO 1.2 DUI	Valve spring force F				20 – 20	4400 N	320 CIII-			-	
Set point ranges		Height H		430			485			05	620	
id Ta	0.8 to 2.5 bar ²⁾	Actuator		400		ØD = 22	5 mm, A =	160 cm ²	1		020	
poir	0.0 10 2.0 001	Valve spring force F				DD = 22	4400 N	100 cm				
Set		Height H		410			465		5	85	600	
	2 to 5 bar	Actuator	410 465 585 600 ØD = 170 mm, A = 80 cm ²									
	2 10 3 501	Valve spring force F	4400 N									
		Height H								600		
	4.5 to 10 bar	Actuator	ØD = 170 mm, A = 40 cm ²									
	4.5 10 10 501	Valve spring force F	4400 N									
		Height H		410			465		5	 8.5	600	
	8 to 16 bar	Actuator										
	0 10 10 001	Valve spring force F	ØD = 170 mm, A = 40 cm ² 8000 N									
We	ight for version with	actuator with rolling dia	ohraam				000011					
	0.05 to 0.6 bar	delocior will rolling did					35	51	58	67		
ranges	0.2 to 2.5 bar	Weight, based on cast			23.5	25.5	29	45	52	61		
	2 to 16 bar	iron ¹⁾ , approx. kg	16 18 12 13		18.5	21	24	40	47	56		
		Actuator with bellows	12		<u> </u>	10.5	21	24	40	47] 30	
ver	sion with type 241.	Height H		550			605		7	25	740	
	2 to 6 bar	Actuator	550 605 725 A = 62 cm ²							740		
	2 10 0 001	Valve spring force F				4400 N						
		Height H	550 605 725							740		
es	5 to 10 bar	Actuator						2	/	2.5	740	
ang	3 10 10 bai	Valve spring force F	A = 62 cm ²									
intr		Height H	8000 N 535 590 710						10	725		
Set point ranges	10 to 22 bar	Actuator				<u> </u>		2		10	/ 23	
Ň	10 10 22 001	Valve spring force F	A = 33 cm ² 8000 N									
		Height H	535 590 710						725			
	20 to 28 bar	Actuator		333			$A = 33 \text{ cm}^2$	2	/	10	/23	
	20 10 20 001	Valve spring force F					$A = 33 \text{ cm}^2$					
١٨/٥	ight for version with						000014					
	33 cm ²		16.5	17.9	18	23.5	25.5	29	48	56	66	
		Weight, based on cast iron 11, approx. kg	20.9	21.5	22	27.5	29.5	33	54	65	75	
	A = 62 cm ² iron 1), approx. kg					27.3	27.3	JJ	J4	05	/3	

^{+10 %} for cast steel, spheroidal graphite iron and forged steel
2) Version with actuator with two diaphragms: 1 to 2.5 bar

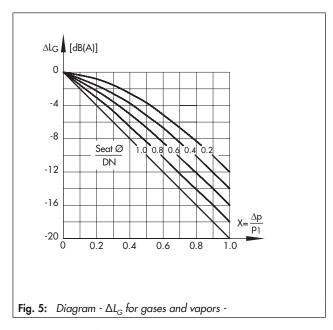
Table 6: K_{VS} coefficients and x_{FZ} values · Terms for noise level calculation according to VDMA 24422 (edition 1.89)

Nominal	K _{VS} ¹⁾		K _{vs} 1)	x _{FZ}	K _{vs} 1	K _{vs} 3	
size	Standard version	X _{FZ}	Special version		With flow divider		
			0.1 · 0.4 · 1	0.7 · 0.65 · 0.6			
DN 15			2.5	0.55			
	4	0.5			3		
			0.1 · 0.4 · 1	0.7 · 0.65 · 0.6			
DN 20			2.5	0.55			
DIN 20			4	0.5			
	6.3	0.45			5		
			0.1 · 0.4 · 1	0.7 · 0.65 · 0.6			
DN 25			2.5	0.55			
	8	0.4	4 · 6.3	0.5 · 0.45	6		
DN 32			6.3 · 8	0.45 · 0.4			
DIN 32	16	0.4			12		
DN 40			6.3 · 8	0.45 · 0.4			
DIN 40	20	0.4	16	0.4	15		
DN 50			8	0.4	6		
טכ אוע	32	0.4	16 · 20	0.45 · 0.4	25		
DNI 45			20 · 32	0.4	25		
DN 65	50	0.4			38	25	
DN 80			32	0.4	25		
DIN OU	80	0.35	50	0.4	60	40	
DN 100			50	0.4	38		
טטו אט	125	0.35			95	60	

 $^{^{1)}}$ With K_{VS} 0.001 to 0.04: Valve with micro-trim (DN 15 to 25) without balancing bellows

Valve-specific correction terms

 ΔL_G · For gases and vapors: Values as specified in the diagram



Specifications subject to change without notice

 $\Delta \textbf{L}_{\textbf{F}} \cdot \text{For liquids:}$

$$\Delta L_F = -10 \cdot (x_F - x_{FZ}) \cdot y$$

with
$$x_F = \frac{\Delta p}{p_1 - p_V}$$
 and $y = \frac{K_V}{K_{VS}}$

Terms for control valve sizing according to IEC 60534, Parts 2-1 and 2-2:

$$\mathbf{F_L} = 0.95; \, \mathbf{x_T} = 0.75$$

 \mathbf{x}_{FZ} · Acoustical valve coefficient

 K_{VS} 1, K_{VS} 3 \cdot When a flow divider ST 1 or ST 3 is installed as a noise-reducing component

Flow characteristic differences between valves with and valves without flow dividers do not occur until the valve has passed through approx. 80 % of its travel range.